

EYFS – Reception Curriculum Map

Physical Development (PE)



Valued – Inspired – Prepared



Westhaven School is a unique learning environment with high expectations for learners who experience barriers to learning for a range of reasons. We promote a calm environment which enables everyone to learn. The golden thread that permeates our curriculum and our conduct through every school day are the core values which shape our learners to be:

- *safely independent*
- *confident communicators*
- *respectful citizens*
- *resilient learners*
- *inquisitive thinkers*

The Westhaven Way is our ethos and it underpins our daily approach to behaviour and learning.

Our vision

Our aim is to provide:

- strong warm and supportive relationships enabling all learners to thrive socially and emotionally
- expert teaching of an engaging curriculum
- high quality adult interactions within a carefully constructed, purposeful environment
- high quality continuous provision indoors and outdoors
- a rich reading environment with high quality texts, representing our children, their interests and the diversity of the world around them
- a robust approach to the teaching of phonics
- continuous assessment of learning and addressing gaps to support and challenge each individual

The characteristics of effective teaching and learning will be threaded throughout our ambitious curriculum

- **playing and exploring** – learners will investigate and experience things, and ‘have a go’;
- **active learning** – learners will concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy their achievements for their own sake;
- **creating and thinking critically** – learners will have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things.

Impact

- Learners fluency and mastery incrementally improves
- Learners know more, remember more and can do more
- Learners achieve to the best of their ability and level of development and are prepared for their next stage in education

EYFS Physical Development Educational Programme (Statutory)

Physical activity is vital in children's **all-round development**, enabling them to pursue **happy, healthy and active lives**. **Gross and fine motor experiences** develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with **sensory explorations** and the development of a child's **strength, coordination and positional awareness** through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their **core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, coordination and agility**. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing **healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being**. Fine motor control and precision helps with **hand-eye coordination**, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to **develop proficiency, control and confidence**.

ELG: Gross Motor Skills - Self Regulation (Statutory)

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others;
- Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing;
- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

EYFS PD PE Skills (Taken from Development Matters)

Birth to three

- Lift their head while lying on their front.
- Push their chest up with straight arms.
- Roll over: from front to back, then back to front.
- Enjoy moving when outdoors and inside.
- Sit without support.
- Begin to crawl in different ways and directions.
- Pull themselves upright and bouncing in preparation for walking.
- Reach out for objects as coordination develops.

- Pass things from one hand to the other. Let go of things and hand them to another person, or drop them.
- Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and walking.
- Clap and stamp to music.
- Fit themselves into spaces, like tunnels, dens and large boxes, and move around in them.
- Enjoy starting to kick, throw and catch balls.
- Build independently with a range of appropriate resources.
- Begin to walk independently – choosing appropriate props to support at first.
- Walk, run, jump and climb – and start to use the stairs independently.
- Spin, roll and independently use ropes and swings (for example, tyre swings).
- Sit on a push-along wheeled toy, use a scooter or ride a tricycle.
- Use large and small motor skills to do things independently, for example manage buttons and zips, and pour drinks.
- Show an increasing desire to be independent, such as wanting to feed themselves and dress or undress.
- Start eating independently and learning how to use a knife and fork.
- Develop manipulation and control.
- Explore different materials and tools.

3 and 4 year olds

- Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills.
- Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.
- Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.
- Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.
- Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams.
- Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm.
- Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width.
- Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel.
- Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks.
- Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.
- Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.
- Show a preference for a dominant hand.
- Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips.

Children in reception

- Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: • rolling • crawling • walking • jumping • running • hopping •

skipping • climbing

- Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.
- Develop the overall body strength, coordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming.
- Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.
- Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor.
- Combine different movements with ease and fluency.
- Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.
- Develop overall body-strength, balance, coordination and agility.
- Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.
- Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.
- Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.
- Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: • lining up and queuing • mealtimes